

# Hillsborough Recorder

UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS—THE GUARDIANS OF OUR LIBERTIES.

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## HOW TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS.

In the first place make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; always decide upon some particular employment and persevere in it. "All difficulties are overcome by diligence and assiduity."

Be not afraid to work with your hands, and diligently, too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice." "He who remains at the mill grinds, not he who comes and goes."

Be frugal. "That which will not make a pot may make a pot lid." Take care of the pence, and the pounds will take care of themselves.

Rise early. "The sleeping fox catches no poultry."

Plow deep.  
While the sluggards sleep,  
And you shall have corn to sell and to keep.

Treat every one with respect and civility. "Everything is gained and nothing lost by courtesy." Good manners insure success.

Never anticipate wealth coming from any other source but labor, and never place dependence upon becoming possessor of an inheritance. "He who waits for a dead man's shoes will go a long time barefooted."

"He who runs after a shadow will have a wearisome race."

Pay as you go. He who spends his money before he receives it will always be in debt.

Above all things, never despair. "God is where He was."

Follow these precepts and nothing will hinder you from accumulation.

## JIMMY BROWN;

OR, "FORGIVE ME, AS I FORGIVE."

By A. H. B.

Jimmy Brown was a little boy, of ten years, who lived with his grandmother in a little low brown cottage, at the end of the village of R. Both his parents were dead, and the old lady had rather a hard time to get along, or would have had, if her soul had not been filled with love and truth, which make the hardest bed easy, and the plainest fare delicious, so that though she had to be very busy with her spinning wheel, to get cloth enough to cover them, and do now and then odd jobs for her neighbors, yet she had a happy, peaceful heart, and envied no one. Besides this, she had a small garden attached to the house, which Jimmy now took nearly the whole care of, for grandma was getting to be rather lame for such work; and then Jimmy, yes Jimmy himself, owned his pretty chickens, and they were his pride and delight. He gladly saved them a bit of his own scanty breakfast and dinner, but I am afraid they often went supperless to bed, unless they were fortunate enough to scratch up a few worms, or help themselves now and then out of their neighbors' gardens. This latter practice was a sore trial to their young master, who would gladly have given of his own supper any time, if by so doing he could have prevented them from stealing theirs.

Now Mrs. Brown's nearest neighbor was a rich man, usually called "Farmer Gray." He had broad acres of well-tilled land, and big barns full of corn and hay, and often filled with apples and potatoes and all kinds of nice vegetables. He lived in a large stone house some distance from Mrs. Brown's, but his lands stretched way down the street till they touched right on to her bit of a garden, or would if he had not built up a high wall to protect his rights, and as far as possible prevent any one from even looking at his tempting fruit or delicious melons or waving corn; he had a high, rough voice, and a stern, iron-looking face, and eyes that made you think of steel every time they looked at you, particularly if you were a boy. He was, however, considered an honest and upright man, who paid every one his dues and always kept his word. But in the sight of God, I fear, he was looked upon as both mean and dishonest, for he certainly did not love his neighbor, or ever visit the "the widow and the fatherless," except to collect his rents, or to look after some real or imaginary injury to himself or property. As Jimmy lived so near one of his best fields, he naturally kept a close eye upon him, but never had been able to detect the slightest loss which he could lay to his charge.

One day however, much to Jimmy's disgust, his silly little chicks, being sorely tempted no doubt by their own empty stomachs, and the sight of the abundance on the wrong side of the wall, flew down and began to help themselves. Most unfortunately the farmer happened to come in to his field just then, and seizing the one nearest him threw it roughly over the fence, calling to him who had but that moment come from school, and was running to see to his pets, to get the rest over as quickly as possible; "and if," added he with an oath, "I ever catch the thieving creatures in my field again, they shall have every one of their rascally necks wrung for them; remember that, young sir, will you?" he roared as the last one disappeared; "I give you warning, for I will not see my corn and beans eaten up before my eyes, as long as I can protect them, I tell you that, boy," and so the crusty old gentleman rode off in a great heat, on his big black horse.

Jim was dreadfully frightened; and ran in and begged his grandmother's shears, to clip all their pretty off wings with, telling them all the time how sorrow he was they should be so disgraced, and hoping they would remember in future that it was better to be honest and hungry, than to steal and have plenty to eat.

His grandmother told him, that the best advice he could give them, would be some nice sweet corn to keep them from hunger, and that the next pennies he earned by doing errands he might have to buy them a few ears with.

Some time after this, Jimmy came home from school in great glee: he rushed into the kitchen where grandma sat busy at her wheel, exclaiming, "See, grandma, see five splendid ears of corn! Now, won't biddies have a supper?" and the poor child danced up and down the room, tossed up his cap, and nearly overturned grandma's little light-stand with her knitting work and Bible upon it, before he could fully express his joy. "Oh, I am so glad, so glad!" he exclaimed again, and again; and then seeing his grandmother's quiet smile, he sobered down a little and told her, as he was coming from school, he was passing a carriage with a gentleman and lady in it, and just then the gentleman jumped out, and seeing Jim, asked him to hold his horse while he stepped into a store, and when he came out he gave him a five cent piece, and then the young lady smiled and gave him another, "because," she said, "this little boy held the horse so nicely, and patted his neck, and did not make me a bit afraid." "So, grandma, you will excuse me, won't you, for not coming home first to ask you, before buying the corn, for I knew the biddies were terrible hungry, poor little things!" "I cannot excuse you for doing what I gave you permission to do some time ago, my dear, but I will this time excuse you for being a little rude and noisy when you came in; for you know, my boy, I wish you to form habits of politeness now when you are small, so that it will be always natural to you, when you are among people who will not be so ready to make allowance for you as I am."

"Thank you, grandma," said Jimmy, "I am sorry I was so rude, I will try not to forget my manners again, even if I am too glad: now I will go, if you are willing, and feed my biddies before it is dark; but first," he added: "I guess grandma and Jim will want some too;" so he filled the kettle and put it on to boil, placed a few pieces of wood upon the fire, drew out the little table and laid it nicely, to save his grandma every step he could, and then ran off to his darlings, singing merrily to himself all the time.

As grandma busied herself with cutting the bread and broiling a little bit of fish for Jimmy's supper, she was startled by hearing a loud scream, and then in a minute by seeing Jimmy rush in, dash his cap across the room, and throw himself upon the floor in a perfect agony of grief, sobbing out, "Oh, my chickens! my pretty little chickens! all dead! every one! little brownie, and whitey, and speckled back, and all, all!!! Oh, that old, ugly, ugly, hateful, wicked, ugly, ugly old farmer Grey, he has been and did it, has been and killed every

one of 'em, and been and dashed 'em all over the wall again, all dead! oh, I hate him, I wish I could—"

"Jimmy," said the low, grieved voice of his grandmother, "Jimmy, don't say what you were going to, unless you are willing that the Lord and the holy angels should hear you! Hush, child, don't speak until you are calmer; I know it is very bad, but it is worse for him than for you,—you should pity the poor old man, Jimmy!"

"Pity him! O, grandma, I don't care so much for myself, but I wanted to sell them at Thanksgiving time, and get money enough to buy you a nice little woolen shawl, so you wouldn't have that pain in your shoulders again,—and now they're dead! oh, that wicked, ugly old—"

"Hush, Jimmy," said his grandmother, sternly this time,—"your soul is more precious to me than a hundred chickens, or the best shawl in Boston could be. I thank you for your kind intentions for me, but oh, I am sorry you have been so forgetful, so disobedient to your heavenly Father, your best Friend, who has told you to love your enemies, and that anger, such anger as I fear yours is, is really murder!"

"Oh, grandma," said Poor Jimmy, getting up from the floor, "please don't,—I am very sorry I spoke so; yes, I do believe I was angry enough to kill him, a few minutes ago, I was so mad. But I guess I feel better now, and I will go out, if you are willing," added he, wiping his eyes, "and pick them up and bring them in."

They eat but little supper that night, for grandma felt deeply her dear boy's sorrow; and more than this she was deeply grieved that farmer Grey, whose mother had long years before been like a sister to her, and whose eyes she had closed in death, should have so hardened his heart against the "widow and fatherless, and taken from them their one small treasure;—and Jimmy's heart kept rising into his throat every time he tried to swallow, though he tried hard to keep it down and the tears back. He was glad when grandma told him to go out and chop a little wood for morning, he could let his tears run then as fast as he pleased, it would not hurt the log to be wet a little, and when he came in again, his face looked quite clear, and his voice was steady when he read the evening Psalm, "The Lord is my Shepherd." As he turned to leave the room, for his own little attic, he came back and stood a few moments by grandma's chair without speaking; then he said, "Grandma, I shan't cry any more, or say anything about my chickens or farmer Grey to any one, but I don't think I can ever forgive him."

"Well, dear," said grandma, stroking his dark curly hair, "be careful not to forget to say the Lord's prayer to-night, and now go to bed, and God bless my dear boy."

The next morning Jimmy came down very softly, lighted the fire, set the table, and got breakfast all ready before grandma was up; so he knocked on her door, and then looked in to see if she was well, and wanted anything;—"and grandma," said he, holding the door in his hand, "I want to tell you how happy I feel this morning. Last night after I went up stairs I felt dreadfully,—I tried to say my prayers, but when I came to 'forgive, as we forgive,' I had to stop, for only think, what if God should be as angry with me as I was with farmer Grey! and then I tried to go to bed without saying any more, but I was afraid to go to sleep, for fear I should not be 'delivered from evil,' and so I got up and knelt down again, and O grandma, I felt then as if I was a murderer,—I felt as if the Lord was saying to me 'you wanted to kill him'; I thought I should have to come down to you again, I was so frightened, but then all at once I remembered 'he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness.' Then, grandma, I gave up feeling wicked any more, and believed that God would forgive me, for Christ's sake, and after that I didn't feel angry at all with Mr. Grey, I almost loved him, I pitied him so, and I prayed the Lord to forgive him too. Grandma," added Jim, softly, "I am almost glad he killed the chickens, for if he had not, perhaps I never

should have found out how wicked I was till I had killed somebody. Now, grandma, breakfast is all ready, will you please to come out soon, for I am real hungry this morning!"

A few weeks after this occurrence, one Wednesday afternoon, when school did not keep, Mrs. Brown told Jim, "hat he better go over to the falling mill, and see if her cloth, which she had spun and woven for their winter's use, and sent there to be pressed and colored, was ready. "I hope, my dear, there will be enough to make for you a whole suit for school and Sundays, and for me a cloak, for I shall be so happy to be able to go out to church this winter even when the weather is bad, and not be obliged to stay at-home for a little storm, as I did last winter; go my dear, and be very careful of your bundle."

The walk was a long one, and the cloth not quite ready: when Jimmy started for home it was almost night. He walked fast, holding on tightly to the precious load, and thinking how happy he should feel walking to church with his grandmother, with his new suit and her warm cloak, when all at once as he approached the village he saw a faint light shining upon him, growing brighter and brighter; what was it, could it be the moon? no, it was not time for that, what then could it be? "Oh," he screamed suddenly, and dashed forward with all his might, crying "fire fire," at the top of his voice.

Yes, it was farmer Grey's big new barn which he had just built, because his other was not large enough for this year's crops, and full of hay and grain and horses, a fire! He could see as he ran towards it, that not much was burning, but that was just by a window facing him.

He sprang in, and instantly saw the point of danger and the remedy. Quick as thought he tore open his bundle and threw it right over the rack, just above Black Hawk's head, where, a short time before, Tom, the chaise boy, who had been to feed him for the night, and needing to light his lantern had struck a match and then thrown it carelessly into the rack, never giving it a thought. It was not quite burnt out, and falling into the fresh hay had burned slowly, and just begun to blaze up as Jim came in sight.

It was just in time,—just in time to arrest the flames, so that the farmer's only favorite, could be led out in safety, and further damage prevented, by the amazed men, who aroused from their supper by Jim's piercing shriek, had rushed to the rescue. But the bundle of cloth, the result of months' hard labor and self-denial by the poor widow and her orphan grandchild, where was that? Jim did not wait to see but being sure that it was quite ruined stole out unobserved in the confusion and ran home to his sure refuge, for comfort and strength, with no fear of blame, when he had tried to do his duty.

"Well done, my boy, well done," said Mrs. Brown, when Jimmy had finished his exciting story; "I thank God for your courage, and that through our means farmer Grey has been saved much loss, and his poor animals much pain."

The next morning as they were sitting at breakfast, and again talking over the events of the evening, what should they hear but a loud thump upon the door, repeated twice, thrice, before Jim, whose mouth was full of hot potatoe, could swallow it and recover from his surprise enough to go to the door and open it. There stood farmer Grey, his big stick in his hand, his face very red, and his eyes very fierce, as he roared out, "What are you doing man alive, that you can't open your door quicker than this? I can't wait boy all day; where is your grandmother?"

"Walk in, Mr. Grey, walk in sir," said Mrs. Brown, coming to the rescue, and setting a chair for him; "a fine day, Mr. Grey, I hope you are quite well this morning?"

"Well? yes, well enough, I suppose; no I nint nurther, arter that fire last night,—didn't sleep none; did you Mrs. Brown?" said he, suddenly fixing his eyes upon her, as if to tell her it was no use deceiving him, "did you sleep after loosing all that cloth



If you're, your boy burnt up for you last night? I hope you gave him a good thrashing for it anyhow!"

"Sleep, Mr. Grey?" said Mrs. Brown, calmly, taking her knitting work. "Why, yes sir, I felt so thankful to the Lord for his great mercy in allowing my little Jim to do so much good, I could not help going to sleep, and trusting him for the future too, Mr. Grey."

"And that ere cloth," sneered Mr. Grey, "you expect He will keep you from freezing this winter, I suppose; and you and the boy can go without clothes or food, and get along mighty well, can't ye? You needn't tell me you ain't sorry and with he'd let my barn burn up, and Black Hawk too, and all the rest,—taint water, no how! and Mr. Grey stamped his foot and thumped the floor with his cane, and then looked so white, Jim thought he was sick, and stepping up to him, said, "Are you faint, Mr. Grey, let me get you some water?"

"Give me water, you young rascal, yes, you better give me something, I should think. Oh, I can't stand this much longer!"

"There boy," said he, calming down all at once, and speaking quite soft, "I must tell you that you have killed the old man!" (Jim shuddered, as he remembered his old feelings.) "Yes, you have killed me I say,—I can't sleep a night, and haven't really, since I wrung them little chickens pecky necks. Every night as soon as ever I close my eyes, there they are, jumping and hopping before me and screaming out, just as I heard you, Jim, that night behind the wall,— "On you wicked old man; oh, my poor grandma can't have any show this winter." Not a wink can I get for them and you, grandma Brown, you come too just as you did when you stood up and closed my old mother's eyes, and said, "Lord Jesus, receive her spirit." I tell you I can't live so another minute, and you must forgive me, and say so, or I shall be crazy, I think."

"Mr. Grey," said Jim, solemnly, for he trembled all over at the old man's vehemence, "I do forgive you, and did that very night before I went to sleep; I asked the Lord to forgive you, too."

"And I, friend Grey," said Mrs. Brown, with tears in her eyes, "I never have ceased to pray for my old friend's son,—that he might be led to repent of his sins, and turn to his mother's God. I believe he is going to answer our prayers, and make you a happy man yet."

The old man could not speak for his tears; but he soon got up, and wiping his eyes, he threw down a big bundle and gasping out, "take that," strode out of the house, and was out of sight in a minute.

The bundle was a roll of soft grey woolen cloth, much better and finer than that which they had lost; and many other things to make them comfortable for winter.

This was not all. The farmer got no rest till he found it in God's mercy, and after that Jim was his boy. He could not spare him long out of his sight; but he was sent to school, and every comfort provided for his grandmother. And when the old man drew near his end it was Jim who attended to his wants like a man, and who ministered to his spiritual necessities still more, and who at last closed the old man's eyes in death. A long life of usefulness as a minister of the gospel was the reward and consequence of that little boy's being able to say from his heart, "I forgive as I hope to be forgiven."

National Baptist.

**THE TRUTH FROM FRED DOUGLASS.**—A correspondent of the Springfield "Republican," writing from Akron, Ohio, January 26, says that Fred Douglass delivered an address to the colored people of this place to-day, in which he gave them some rather unkind and practical advice. He said they had no more reason to feel thankful to the Government for their freedom than had the Hebrews to feel thankful to Pharaoh for their deliverance from bondage. "The Government was driven to emancipate the negroes, and did it as a matter of policy, and not from any Christian motive of right and justice. That although it was possible that, naturally, they were equal to the white men, they were not practically so."

Rev. Dr. Newton, of the Epiphany, Philadelphia, preached a sermon to a full house, November 24, in which he sought to show that the low church views respecting the ministry were in harmony with the Bible. Prayer and aid candidates. In the course of his discourse he declared that while "God's Spirit helps" non-Episcopal ministers and deacons the Word as preached by them, it is a most arrogant assumption for one of the smallest Protestant bodies on earth to deny the validity of their ministry.

## Hillsborough Recorder.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Wednesday, March 11, 1893.



All those indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertisements, or job work, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment. Our necessities require it, and our advanced age admonishes us of the propriety of settling up our affairs.

### THE IMPEACHMENT.

On Friday last, the Senate was called to order at 1 o'clock, Judge Chase presiding. After debate, Mr. Hendrick's withdrawal his objections and Mr. Wade was sworn. The organization of the Court being thus completed, the question was put, and the rules adopted by the Senate on the 3d of March were adopted as the rules of proceeding in the court.

The managers appointed by the House to prosecute the trial then entered, and at their instance a summons was issued to the President, returnable on Friday the 13th, to which day the Court adjourned.

The Washington Star of Saturday evening says, the President will answer by the Attorney General on Friday, and demand a reasonable time for preparation.

The Star also says, Gen. Lorenzo Thomas will hereafter attend the Cabinet meetings as Secretary of War, ad interim, and business will be transacted through him by the President.

Later accounts say the impression grows that the President will appear personally.

It seems to be conceded that Thursday's and Friday's proceedings, without further effort on the part of the defence, have choked off Wade's vote. Chase's rights in Court excite angry argument in Radical papers. He claims the right to argue on all questions and vote on all but the verdict. He refused, on Saturday, to sign the summons of the President until the verbiage of the writ was conformed to suit his ideas.

On Monday, the credentials of Gen. Vickers being presented to the Senate, Mr. Sumner objected, and made a speech against his admission, and moved a reference to the Judiciary committee, because Maryland negroes did not vote—thereby the Maryland government is not Republican.

Mr. Conness said that, under Mr. Sumner's plea, five New England States and Wisconsin would have to carry on the Government.

Mr. Sumner subsequently withdrew his objection, and Gen. Vickers was sworn in.

In the Virginia Convention on Saturday, the case of Williams, who refused to vote on Friday, was taken up, and during its consideration, Mr. Linscott, a Conservative member from Rockingham, refused to vote on the ground of contempt and disgust for the proposition, and afterwards added: "I have a contempt for the whole establishment." He was expelled in about fifteen minutes afterwards by a vote of 54 to 18.

The Convention, on Friday, adopted a clause disfranchising all who gave aid and comfort to the rebellion, after having taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States.

An amendment to modify the meaning of "aid and comfort," so as to except acts of kindness by parents to their sons in the Confederate army, or voting for the Session ordinance, was defeated, and the clause adopted: yeas 49, nays 24.

The Georgia Non-Resistant, after a suspension of several weeks, we are glad to see, has again made its appearance, as full of life as ever.

The MISTON CHARTER, we are pleased to see has been revived. It makes a handsome appearance, and is conducted with a sprightliness and vigor which in former years gave it much popularity. We wish it abundant success in its new career.

The VIRGATOR, is the name of a new paper which has just been started in Rutherfordton. It is Conservative in politics, is conducted with much ability, and is a large well printed paper.

MARYLAND RECTOR.—In the Maryland Legislature, on Thursday last, four ballots were had for United States Senator. On the 4th ballot the vote stood, Thomas 23, Vickers 22, Swan 19, McCallough 18, Hamilton 2, J. H. Franklin 1. On Friday the balloting was resumed, and on the third ballot, the same as, Thomas Swan being withdrawn, the result was Vickers 23, Thomas 29, Erie 2. Fifty-two votes being necessary for a choice, Gen. Vickers was declared to be elected.

The Tribune originates a curious point, regarding negro Representatives and Senators, their admission involving the question when they became citizens; the Constitution requiring seven and nine years citizenship as a qualification.

The State Capital of California has cost up to the present time \$300,000 in gold, and will require as much more to complete it.

### RE-DISTRICTING THE STATE.

The Convention has decided that the number of the Judges in this State shall be three for the Supreme Court and twelve for the Superior Courts—all to be elected by the people. The judicial districts are to be as follows:

#### FIRST DISTRICT.

Carrituck, Perquimans, Hertford, Camden, Chowan, Bertie, Pasquotank, Gates.

#### SECOND DISTRICT.

Tyrrell, Beaufort, Edgecombe, Hyde, Martin, Washington, Pitt.

#### THIRD DISTRICT.

Craven, Greene, Wayne, Carteret, Onslow, Wilson, Jones, Lenoir.

#### FOURTH DISTRICT.

Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, New Hanover, Bladen, Duplin, Sampson.

#### FIFTH DISTRICT.

Cumberland, Richmond, Stanly, Harnett, Anson, Union, Moore, Montgomery.

#### SIXTH DISTRICT.

Northampton, Wake, Johnson, Warren, Nash, Granville, Halifax, Franklin.

#### SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Person, Randolph, Caswell, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Chatham, Alamance.

#### EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Stokes, Rowan, Surry, Forsythe, Davie, Davidson, Yadkin.

#### NINTH DISTRICT.

Polk, Lincoln, Rutherford, Cabarrus, Gaston, Polk, Mecklenburg, Cleveland.

#### TENTH DISTRICT.

Iredell, Caldwell, Alexander, Burke, Wilkes, McDowell.

#### ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Alleghany, Mitchell, Buncombe, Ashe, Vance, Watauga, Madison.

#### TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Henderson, Macon, Cherokee, Transylvania, Jackson, Haywood, Clay.

### IMPEACHMENT ARTICLES.

Washington, Feb. 29.—The impeachment articles are as follows:

First. For the removal of Stanton with intent to violate the constitution and laws.

Second. For the appointment to the position of Secretary of War, with like intent, of one Lorenzo Thomas.

Third. For conspiring with Thomas and others unknown to hinder Stanton, by intimidations and threats, for executing his office.

Fourth. For conspiracy with Thomas and others to prevent and hinder the execution of the tenure-of-office bill.

Fifth. For the appointment of Thomas while the Senate was in session.

Sixth. For conspiracy with Thomas to seize the property of the United States contrary to the act of July, 1861.

Seventh. For conspiracy with Thomas and others to reject Stanton from the War Office.

Eighth. For conspiracy to take possession of the property of the United States in the War Office.

Ninth. For giving a letter to Thomas authorizing him to take possession of the War Office.

Tenth. For persuading Gen. Emory that the law required orders from the President and Secretary of War to come through the General of the Armies.

The House reserves the privilege of presenting other charges to sustain impeachment and replying to the President's answer to the above ten charges.

Nine charges simply ring the changes on Stanton's removal. The tenth applies to Gen. Emory's interview, in which the President asked "Am I to understand that the President of the United States cannot give you an order but through the General-in-Chief, or General Grant?"

After saying "Yes," Gen. Emory withdrew.

Montgomery, Ala., March 6.—Two of the men arrested in this City about ten days ago for burglary and attempt to blow open a safe in a banking house, have been tried and convicted. It was shown at the trial that they are thieves from New York, and that a gang of them were operating in the Southern cities. The two convicted claim the name of Mayre and Franklin, but one of them is known in New York as "Back Dan," a noted thief and house-breaker. They will be sentenced to the Penitentiary to-day.

Dr. Beke has just delivered a lecture on Abyssinia, in which he dwells on the productivity of the soil, the salubrity of its climate, its ready accessibility if a railroad was once constructed, and the opening it will offer to British commerce. He sees in the present war an opportunity of restoring to civilization the most highly gifted of the African races, and through them of acting upon the whole continent.

**INDUSTRY STILL PAYS.**—The Athens, Ga., Banner, relates an instance of a young man living about twenty miles from Athens, who leased a farm containing 300 or 400 acres, most of it well worn. He worked four or five hands, made over twenty bales of cotton, a large crop of potatoes, over 400 bushels of corn, and with the proceeds of his crop, purchased the farm a few days ago, paying \$1400 for it. In good times the place was worth over \$3,000. This is but an illustration of what well directed industry will do, anywhere in the South. If our young men, instead of looking to Honduras or Brazil, would go to work with energy, right here at home, they would soon find that it would pay. Our lands are not yet exhausted.

**QUESTIONS EXPENSIVE.**—A bill was presented to the County Court last week for the hundred and some dollars to meet the expenses of the county jail during the three previous years. And for what was this owing? For bread and meat for the swarms of freedmen that are being daily confined within the walls of this prison for thieving and other crimes. Here is a sum of four thousand dollars a year to be paid by the property holders of the county to feed those who are preying upon their property. The question very naturally caused the court to open its eyes, and a petition was ordered to be sent to General Canby asking some relief from this ruinous tax upon our people for this purpose, and praying that some other mode of punishment be substituted. If crime continues to increase, the expenses of this department of the county's care will become double. We add our voice to the appeal of the Court, cannot some relief be given to this evil?

**IMPORTANT ORDER FROM CHARLESTON.**—General Canby has just issued the following important order relative to the administration of justice in North and South Carolina:

"Provisional courts will not entertain jurisdiction of any case, nor will post commanders refer any case for trial by such courts, unless it shall appear to the satisfaction of the post commander and shall be certified by him either—

First. That the case involves matters of difference between employer and employee respecting rights under provisions of military orders; or

Second. That the proper State authorities have refused or unreasonably failed, or are unable, to take action needed for the due protection of property; or

Third. That there is good ground for believing, upon facts shown, which must be preserved of record, that impartial justice cannot be secured in the State Courts, by reason of prejudice on account of race, color, or former condition."

**CHRISTIAN LABORS THWARTED.**—Rev. J. L. Phillips of Orissa, India, describes the moral desolation spreading among the Burmese and Karens, from the growing use of alcohol and opium, introduced by the English government. Some entire villages are ruined; honest, laborious workmen have become idle vagabonds; and some churches are completely and hopelessly disorganized by this vice, as opium-eaters seldom reform. Fifty years ago the native Burmese were remarkably free from intoxicating habits; now they say, "The English taught us to use arrak and opium." The English government realize from this traffic an immense revenue, sixteen times more than is expended for public education throughout the province.

**PURCHASE OF VIRGINIA LANDS.**—A number of gentlemen met at the Astor House, N. Y., on Thursday, for the purpose of perfecting an organization for the purchase of Virginia lands from insolvent owners, and throwing these into market in small lots, for the benefit of men of moderate means.

Thomas S. McCreery of Davies Co., Ky., a Democrat, was elected a United States Senator by the Legislature of Kentucky, on the 18th inst. Mr. McCreery got 110 votes, the whole number cast being 124.

The jail in Warrenton was burned on Wednesday morning. The fire is supposed to be the result of an attempt upon the part of some one outside, to burn a way for the prisoners to escape. There were nine prisoners confined in it, who were gotten out with much difficulty. But for the unusual stillness of the night, great damage to the town would necessarily have resulted.

The Scranton (Pa.) papers announce that portions of that city are visibly sinking into the depths of an old coal mine. Considerable alarm is felt among the inhabitants.

Robert P. Briggs, one of the wealthiest farmers of Auburn, Me., hanged himself on Sunday evening.



**QUEST EMPLOYMENT.**—We heard a pretty good story the other day, where an honest, faced Hoosier went into a fancy store in Cincinnati in hunt of a situation. The proprietor or head clerk was sitting in the counting room, with his feet elevated, contemplating human life through the softening influence of cigar smoke.

Our Hoosier friend addressed him as follows: "Do you want to hire any man about your establishment?"

The clerk looked indifferently, but seeing his customer, concluded to have a little fun out of him, so he answered very briskly, at the same time pulling out a large and costly handkerchief, and wiping his nose on it.

"Yes, sir; what sort of a situation do you want?"

"Well, I'm not particular. I'm out of work, and almost anything will do me for a while."

"Yes, I can give you a situation, but it will suit you."

"What is it? What's to be done, and what do you give?"

"Well, I want a hand to chew rattles into paper, and if you are willing to set in, you may begin at once."

"Good as wheat! Hand over your rag."

"Here, take this handkerchief and commence with it."

The Hoosier took the "rag," and quietly putting the handkerchief into his pocket, walked out, remarking:

"When I get it chewed, stranger, I'll fetch it back."

**DAVE CROCKET.**—Dave happened once to be present at an exhibition of animals in the city of Washington, when a monkey seemed to attract his particular attention, and he abstractedly observed:

"If that fellow had on a pair of spectacles, he would look like Major Wigat, of Ohio."

The major happened to be just behind Crockett, and tapped Dave on the shoulder, saying roundly, Dave very formally remarked:

"I'll be hanged, major, if I know whose pardon to ask, yours or the monkey's."

As an evidence of what white muscle and industry can accomplish in the South, when impelled by a spirit of perseverance, the Culbert (Ga.) *Appal* states that Mr. Jackson Batts, of Stewart County, assisted by his son, a lad of twelve years, raised and gathered, the past season, eight bales of cotton, averaging 500 pounds each, 150 bushels of corn, 50 bushels of potatoes, and about 25 bushels of wheat in the bargain.

A Coachman in Dubuque has suddenly and unexpectedly inherited \$250,000 by the death of an uncle in Ireland.

A famine in Scandinavia is among the latest misfortunes reported from Europe. Bad harvests last year caused it, and the people are asking for aid from the surrounding countries.

**MARRIED.**

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. R. S. Webb, Mr. JOHN UMSTED to Miss VIRGINIA D. HOLLOWAY, all of Orange County.

**Ten Dollars Reward.**

**INFORMATION** wanted of a mouse colored Mare, mane and tail nearly black, fair size, which was stolen in Orange County, North Carolina, during Court Week at Hillsborough, probably on Tuesday, the 25th of February last. The rogue trimmed her tail, and probably her mane. I will give the above reward for any information that will enable me to recover the animal. The rogue was arrested, and the horse for which the mare was traded will be given also, if the mare is returned to me.

Address Rev. R. G. TINNIN, Hillsborough N. C. March 4. 28-3wp

**Twenty-Five Cents Reward.**

**RAN** away from the subscriber, on Sunday night the 1st inst., two colored boys, bound to me by the County Court in 1862, the eldest, NATHAN THOMAS HARRIS, about sixteen years old, dark complexion, and age built, the other, DOCTOR WOODSON HARRIS, about thirteen years old, light complexion, and heavy built. All persons are forbid harboring or employing them under the penalty of the Law.

Fifty cents reward will be given for their apprehension and return to me.

L. W. HALL. March 4. 28-

**LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,**

A FRESH SUPPLY, at the DRUG STORE. February 12. 26-

**CABBAGE SEED,**

1868. **SPRING TRADE!** 1868.

**TIN WARE.**

The undersigned, returning his thanks to the Merchants and others, who have favored him with their patronage, takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public that he is now able to make a further deduction in the wholesale prices of

**TIN WARE, WHOLESARE AND RETAIL,**

of superior quality to any manufactured elsewhere in the State.

He still offers to take in exchange any kind of good barter, but does not want to sell Tin Ware, or any thing else, on time.

**E. H. POGUE,**

Hillsborough, N. C.

**ON SALE.**

**12 KEGS** Nails, by the Keg, 21 Boxes Shuff, Virginia Belle, 300 B. S. to box, \$15 00 per box.

Sheet Iron at 11 cents per pound, Russia Sheet Iron at 25 cents per pound.

Sheet Zinc at 20 cents per pound. 200 lbs. Best Leaf Lead.

300 lbs. Sugars, assorted, 100 lbs. Local Soda.

200 lbs. Coffee, best Rio, all new small bags. Pepper, Spice and Ginger.

1 box of very fine Chewing Tobacco. For sale by

**E. H. POGUE,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**COOKING STOVES.**

A GOOD assortment constantly kept on hand, for Sale Cheap. Special attention invited to Buckle Patent, the best stove in the market, which is warranted to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buckle Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 6 \$50 00 Buckle Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 7 \$35 00 Buckle Patent with Pipe and Furniture No. 8 \$40 00.

Will take Cash, or good Barter.

**E. H. POGUE,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**WANTED.**

I WANT to buy RAGS, OLD COPPER AND BRASS, either for Cash or Trade. I want, in exchange for Goods,

Peaswax, Flaxseed, Old Castings, Lead, Zinc, Flour, Bacon, Corn,

and all kinds of country produce.

**E. H. POGUE,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**COMPROMISE AGAINST BANKRUPTCY.**

TO my old customers and friends, and to those that are owing me, a word of consolation and advice. Try and effect a compromise before going into bankruptcy. Do your part; you can effect a compromise with me, and I think with all honest creditors. It is both to your and their interest to do so. Make a fair showing and statement, and if you can't pay but ten cents in the dollar, or can't pay any thing, I will be perfectly satisfied, and give you up your paper. If you can pay one hundred cents in the dollar do so; do not be disposed to shrink. You hope to live next year, and you have children. Remember a great many of you can effect a compromise with your creditors with the amount you pay to Bankrupt officers and lawyers. I have not warranted or sued any person since the surrender, and I have the consolation to say that I believe I have collected as many old debts and as much money as any creditor or individual, in proportion to the same amount due. I think as much of the man that paid me ten cents in the dollar on a compromise, as I do of the man that paid me one hundred cents in the dollar.

My friends, you will feel better by effecting a compromise; you can face with better grace your neighbor that you justly owe.

**D. C. PARKS,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**FRESH ARRIVALS.**

February 1st, 1868.

**VERY CHEAP FOR CASH OR BARTER.**

JAVA Coffee, Laguayra Coffee, Rio Coffee, Syrup, Cider Vinegar, Bacon, Ham, and Salted Beef.

**KEROSENE** and Aurora Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

**HORSE COLLARS,** Trace Chains, Axes, Hoes, Drawing Knives, Steel Hoes, Steel Forks, Spades, Long and Short Handle Shovels, Saws and Upper Leather, Roe Herring.

All kinds of produce taken for goods the year round.

**WANTED.**

I particularly want now. Shelled Oats, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Cabbage, Butter, Eggs, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Beef, Mutton, and anything else to eat.

**JAMES WEBB, Jr.,**

Hillsborough, February 12. 25-

**FOR SALE.**

**A Valuable Plantation.**

PURSUANT to a decree of Orange County Court, February Term, 1868, I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Hillsborough, on Monday the 30th day of March next, that valuable tract of land belonging to the estate of HENRY C. STROUD, deceased, containing three hundred and thirty acres, adjoining the lands of Henry Whitted, Josiah Turner, Jr., and others.

Terms of Sale—Twelve months credit, with interest after six months. Bond with three good sureties will be required title reserved, until purchase money is paid. Sale at 12 o'clock.

**H. M. C. STROUD, Adm'r.**

Hillsborough, February 26. 28-

1868. **SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS,** 1868.

**&c.**

THE subscribers desire to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened an establishment for the manufacture of

**SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS,**

and every thing usually kept in their line of business. They intend to make good work out of good materials, and sell at reasonable rates for money, or country produce delivered when the work is taken from the establishment.

They will be found in the front room of the Hedgepeth Hotel, (remember the place,) ready at all times to attend to repairs, or anything else needed in their line of business.

They earnestly solicit persons to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as they are confident they will be able to please, both in quality and price.

**A. HEDGPETH & CO.,**

Hillsborough, Jan. 29. 24-

**THE LADIES' DELIGHT.**

WILL keep constantly on hand, that celebrated Scotch Snuff, in Bladders, put up by M. L. Egerton. Warranted Superior to any made in the United States. For sale by

**A. PLEASANTS.**

Hillsborough, Jan. 29. 24-

**BANKRUPT AND DOWER.—IS IT SO?**

**GENERAL CASH PRICES.**

Our losses are as nothing by the Bankrupt. Our losses are by those who Dower upon ours. To Dower upon us is to fail to meet your contracts—in Thirty days—Is it so?

We sell at Cash prices only.

**BROWN & Co.,**

Hillsborough, Jan. 29. 23-

**NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES.**

**400 HHDS. BRIGHT NEW CROP CLAY-**

**ED MOLASSES,** in Prime New Packages, daily expected per Schooner "PRESTON HOBBS," direct from CARDENAS.

For sale from wharf, LOW for CASH, by

**O. G. PARSLEY & Co.,**

Wilmington, Jan. 1. 21-

**TWO MONTHS NOTICE.**

THOSE who owe us and do not pay by 1st January 1868, will have to settle with another

**J. C. WEBB & WHITE!**

**1ST JANUARY 1868.**

**SETTLEMENT DAY.**

YOUR accounts and notes are ready, both at Hillsborough and at Miltonville.

Our credit is suffering for want of the money due for goods sold on SHORT TIME, and not paid for yet.

Please pay up either in money or produce, so that we can meet our bills. Our best friends are those who pay up promptly.

**J. A. TURRENTINE,**

**TURRENTINE & DICKSON,**

Hillsborough, Jan. 5. 21-

**FOR SALE.**

**50 DOZEN** Cans Fresh Peaches, 3 lb. Cans (quarts) at \$4.00 per dozen.

**15 DOZEN** Cans Fresh Peaches, 6 lb. Cans (2 quarts) at \$8.00 per dozen.

Also Cherries, and Blackberries. By

**E. H. POGUE,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**FOR SALE.**

**1,000 POUNDS** Salt Pork Sides, 800 lbs. Salted Pork Shoulders, 800 lbs. Salted Pork Hams.

All very nice country Meat. Low for Cash. By

**W. A. GATTIS & Co.,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 25-

**LO! HO! CHRISTMAS!**

**HERE IS WHERE SANTA CLAUS,**

**BUYS HIS TRICKS FOR CHILDREN.**

The Best and Fullest Stock of Confectioneries and Toys, ever kept in this Market, &c. &c.

Consisting of

Stick Candy, Butter Nuts, French Candy, English Walnuts, Gum Drops, Almond Nuts, Cordial Drops, Cocoa Nuts, Fancy Kisses, Figs, Maple Sugar, Oranges, Raisons, Sugar Cakes, Citrons, Salt Crackers, Cream Candy, Caudles, Pickles, Cegars, French Mustard, Cheese, Shot, Soap, Apples, by dozen or bushel. Mountain Butter. Also a new lot of Toys.

In fact every thing to please the Children, &c. All of which will be sold low for Cash, By

1868. **NOTICE.** 1868.

**UNITED STATES TAXES.**

I WILL attend Hillsborough March Court, for the purpose of receiving the returns of Income, Gains, and Profits, for 1867, and Gold Watches, gold and Silver Plate, &c., held on the first day of March, 1868. And the Assessment of Special Tax from May, 1861, to May 1869.

**THOMAS M. KIRKLAND,**

Assistant Assessor. Chapel Hill, February, 27. 28-

**Tan Bark and Hides Wanted.**

WE will pay Cash for 150 Cords good Tan Bark, to be delivered by 1st October next. Cash will be paid for Dry or Green Hides, or we will tan them for one half. Dry hides to be tanned on shares, may be left at Messrs. Brown & Co. store with owners name on each hide.

**W. G. & JAS. NORWOOD,**

Hillsborough, Feb. 12. 26-1m

**W. S. ROULHAC,**

OF HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

**D. I. WILLIAMS & Co.,**

**Commission Merchants,**

**No. 1 Tobacco Exchange,**

**RICHMOND VA.**

Special attention paid to the sale of Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour and all articles of Country Produce.

Mark your Packages plainly with your name, write us your wishes and they shall be complied with. Consignments solicited.

**W. A. GATTIS & Co.,**

**Dealers in Confectioneries, Family Groceries, &c. &c.**

**HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.**

THE undersigned are still at the old CONFECTIONERY STAND,

where they will be pleased to serve their customers and the public generally. Will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

Confectionaries, Caudles, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Sardines, Lobsters, Pickles, &c. &c.

Pepper and Spice, ALSO, Ginger, Powder and Shot, Snuff, Tobacco, Herrings, &c. &c. ALSO.

We invite all to call and see us—the prices shall be right. We will take all kinds of country produce in exchange for goods.

**W. A. GATTIS & Co.,**

Hillsborough, August 14. 61-

**FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!**

**WHY** spend your money for Northern Furniture, when you can be so well supplied, and on such reasonable terms, by calling on the undersigned at his

**WARE ROOM**

on Wake Street, between King and Tryon, in Hillsborough, N. C.

Kept on hand, and made to order, Bureaus, Bed Steads, Tables, Chairs, Wardrobes, Washstands, Libraries, Desks, &c. &c.

The very best Mattresses, to which can be used Tucker's celebrated Spring bottom bed.

Upholstering done to order, with neatness and dispatch. Gilt Moulding for picture frames on hand.

Walnut Coffins from the finest French polish, to North Carolina Pine, kept and fitted up at short notice.

My horse has been repaired and retimmed, and burials in town and country attended to.

Repairing of all kinds done on liberal terms. Seats put in old chairs in a neat and cheap manner. Letters of inquiry promptly answered, and orders by mail, when accompanied with the cash, immediately filled.

Encourage home industry. My terms are moderate, as I work on the live and let live principle. Give me a call.

**CHARLES L. COOLEY,**

Hillsborough, Jan. 5. 21-

**"MILTON CHRONICLE."**

Intending to dissolve my connection with the "DAVIDSON TIMES" I embrace this method of announcing my purpose to resume the publication of that old and popular journal, the "MILTON CHRONICLE," in Jan. 1868. Persons wishing to subscribe are requested to forward their names to Milton, N. C.

The price of the paper will be \$1 50 for six months, or \$3 per annum—payable on receipt of the first number, in currency or provisions.

Advertisers will find this paper one of the best advertising mediums in the up Country, and if the business men in Danville, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Baltimore and N. York, &c., want the use of Printer's ink that will pay, let them

**ADVERTISE IN THE MILTON CHRONICLE.**

I want 1000 subscribers for a start. Caswell, famed for her yellow leaf tobacco, her intelligence, wealth and pretty girls, will furnish five hundred of this number, and Person, no less famed, will roll up 300. Halifax, Va., Granville, Orange, Allamance, and Rockingham, N. C., will more than make up the balance—and Old Pittsylvania will "run the measure over." Forward your names, friends and let all who wish to advertise send along their advertisements.

A Letter from "JESSE HOLMES, The Fool Killer," will be published monthly.

Address me at Milton, N. C.

**C. N. B. EVANS,**

Editor of the press will very much oblige me by noticing.

**1868.**

**WE SELL CHEAP.**

An Honest man who owes us, will pay us before buying goods elsewhere for Cash.

**BROWN & CO.,**



## PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.

CHARLES M. STIEFF,

Manufacturer of

First Premium Grand and Square Pianos,

Factories 64 and 66 Camden street, and  
45 and 47 Perry street,

Office and Warehouses, No. 7 N. Liberty street, above  
Baltimore street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL of our Pianos are of the Grand scale, with  
A-graffie treble and Ivory fronts, and have all  
the latest improvements, and fully warranted for five  
years.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on  
hand, from \$50 to \$300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons, who  
have our Pianos in use:

Gen. Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robert  
Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Rev. C. B. Riddick,  
Kittrell's Springs, N. C.; Willie J. Palmer, Deaf and  
Dumb Institute, Branson, Farrar & Co., and P. F.  
Pescod, of Raleigh, and Capt. Henry Richards, of  
Hillsborough, N. C.

For terms and further particulars apply to  
Prof. CHARLES O. PAPE,  
Agent for Hillsborough.

November 27.

15-12m

WILLIAM H. WILLARD,  
Special Par.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,  
General Partner.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,

WHOLESALE GROCERY

AND

Commission Merchant,

Corner Craven & South Front Streets,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, New York,  
Wygant & Hoest, 58 Day Street, "  
James S. Woodward's Sons, 28 North Front  
Street, Philadelphia,  
W. B. Gulic & George W. Swipson, Nat  
Bank, Raleigh, N. C.  
R. M. Gates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

December 4.

17-

ROCK SPRING ACADEMY,

EIGHT MILES SOUTHWEST OF HILLSBOROUGH  
Preparatory to Wake Forest; or any other  
College, or for the active business of life.

Third Session commences on the 18th of January, and  
ends the 1st of June following.

THE English, French, Greek, and Latin Lan-  
guages, Natural Sciences, Arithmetic, Algebra,  
Geometry, Trigonometry, preparatory to Surveying;  
Book Keeping, History, and the ordinary branches,  
will be taught.

Tuition, \$10, \$13, \$15, \$20 and \$25, according  
to course; paid half in advance, half first of April.  
Students from a distance, board in family with  
Principal: Fifty dollars in advance pays for Board,  
furnished rooms, fuel and washing per session, or \$25  
for half; otherwise \$13 per month are charged.

Proper care will be taken, and decided discipline  
enforced, to instill moral principles as well as habits of  
application.

Buildings commodious, situation pleasant; morali-  
ty and other advantages render the location desirabl-  
for a School. Young ministers admitted at one half  
minister's sons and disabled Confederate soldiers two  
thirds the usual rates, or the latter on time.

Circulars sent on application, and applications, for  
board desired early.

Facilities for boarding one's self, at moderate  
prices. Address  
H. M. CATES, A. B., Principal,  
Rock Spring, N. C.

References given when required.

Dec. 4.

18-6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ORANGE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,

November Term, 1867.

Beholden Hopkins, by her Guardian W. W. Mangum,

vs.

Heirs of Gilbert Hopkins.

Petition to sell Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendants are not inhabitants of the State,  
it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the  
Hillsborough Recorder, a newspaper published  
in the town of Hillsborough, for six weeks, notifying  
the said defendants to be and appear at the next term  
of this Court, to be held in the Court House in Hills-  
borough on the fourth Monday of February next,  
then and there to plead, answer or demur to said peti-  
tion, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and  
heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, George Laws, Clerk of said Court, at  
office in Hillsborough, the fourth Monday of Novem-  
ber A. D. 1867.

GEORGE LAWS, C. C. C.

December 18.

Price adv. \$5

19-6w

Ho! for the Oyster Season!—1867

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his for-  
mer patrons and the public generally, that he  
has made complete arrangements to receive both  
Fresh and Pickled OYSTERS regularly, from the  
best Oyster houses in Norfolk, and guarantees that  
the Oysters from this establishment, both fresh  
and pickled, will not be excelled by any that can be  
brought to this market.

He has also fitted up his cutting room expressly  
for cooking up oysters in all the best styles, and he  
dotters himself that, after twenty years experience,  
he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who  
may be disposed to patronize his house. Oysters can  
be had at all times, both night and day. He returns  
his sincere thanks to his friends for their liberal pa-  
tronage last season, and trusts that he may merit a  
continuance of their patronage for the season of 1867.

Families will be supplied on the most liberal

R. F. PLEASANTS.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.  
AND FRESH CHEAP GOODS COM-  
ING IN EVERY WEEK.

FOR THE LADIES.

CALICOES, Pinks, American and French De  
Lanes, Superior Black and Colored Alpaca  
Empress Cloths, Lustrous, Oriental, Armures, Cloaks,  
Shawls, Flannels, White and Checked Muslins,  
White and Colored Tulle, Ribbons, Kid and oth-  
er Gloves and Gauntlets, Collars and Cuffs, Corsets,  
Handkerchiefs, Jet Ornaments and Jet Trimmings,  
Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Bonnets, &c. &c. &c.

FORGENTS.

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars,  
Gossamers, Satinets, Kentucky Janes, Drills, Boots,  
Shoes, Cravats, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c. &c. &c.

FOR COACH MAKERS.

Linseed Oil, Varnish, White Lead (dry and in  
oil.) Paints, &c. Enamelled Cloths, Drills, Ducks,  
Oil Cloths.

FOR SHOE MAKERS.

Leather of all kinds, and everything used in mak-  
ing Boots and Shoes.

LAMPS! LAMPS!!

Kerosene and Aurora Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks,  
Burners, and Oil.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 25.

67-

THE COMMON SENSE SEWING MA-  
CHINE.

PRICE \$20.000.

JAMES WEBB, Jr. Agt.

For Orange County.

Sept. 24.

67-

THERMOMETERS.

2 DOZEN, just received, by Express.  
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 24.

67-

SPECIAL NOTICE.

JUST ARRIVED, a lot of COOKING STOVES  
which will be so low very low, for Cash or Barter.  
JOHN LAWS.

Sept. 9.

JUST ARRIVED!!!

BUTTER Crackers, Cocoa Nuts,  
Sugar Cakes, Filberts,  
Snick Candy, Walnuts,  
Mint Drops, Raisins,  
Gum Drops, Almonds,  
Rock Candy, Kisses,  
Maple Sugar, French Mixture,  
&c. &c. &c.

Sept. 9.

65-

PERUVIAN GUANO,

10,000 POUNDS, fresh and pure, now in  
store,  
and for sale cheap, for cash only.

October 9.

69-

BARRELS! BARRELS!!

300, FLOUR Barrels, wanted.  
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 9.

67-

GUANO,

THE PURE PERUVIAN,

WILL be on hand the latter part of this week.  
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Oct. 2.

67-

STONEWARE! STONEWARE!! and  
A FINE lot of Fox's make of Stoneware, on h  
At W. A. GATTIS & Co.

Oct. 2.

67-

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!  
I AM now receiving my first instalment of  
FALL GOODS,  
which I will sell cheap for Cash or Barter.

Sept. 8.

65-

TURNING,

FITTING MACH'RY.  
A ke. of TURNING:  
all kinds, as and up  
at reasonable rates, at Orange Factory.

September 18.

66-3w

CLOAKS STOLEN—FIVE DOLLARS  
REWARD FOR EACH.

TWO Ladies' Black Cloth Cloaks, trimmed with  
blue eras, stolen from my store. A liberal re-  
ward will be given for information.

September 25.

67-

NEW FALL GOODS.

SEPTEMBER, 1867.

I NOW have the best Stock of Goods I ever had  
and prices are lower than they have been since  
the war, which I offer, for  
CASH.

September 18.

66-

DRIED FRUIT,  
RAGS,  
FLOUR.

Sept. 18.

66-

TO ARRIVE.

A FINE lot of Toys,  
At W. A. GATTIS & CO.

Sept. 9.

66-

LIME.

FRESH Lump in Barrels.  
J. WEBB, Jr.

HILLSBOROUGH

CHEAP CASH

AND

BA RTER STORE.

New Goods,

NOW READY

Cheaper than Jew or Gentle,

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

Country Merchants, will be supplied at  
fair rates.

JAMES WEBB, Jun.

Oct. 2.

67-

A BEAUTIFUL White Kerosene Oila one and  
five gallon Tin Cans, at the  
DRUG STORE.

WALKING Canes, at the  
DRUG STORE.

IF YOU want a good smoke, go to the  
DRUG STORE.

A FULL Line of Paints and Dye Stuffs, at the  
DRUG STORE.

WHEATON'S and other Rich Gintment, at the  
DRUG STORE.

FISH Hooks and Lines, Marbles &c., at the  
DRUG STORE.

A FINE Assortment of Pipes and Stems, some  
very fine, at the  
DRUG STORE.

YOU will find a pretty lot of Jewelry, at the  
DRUG STORE.

SEWING Machines &c., a superior article, at the  
DRUG STORE.

April 11.

32-

A FINE and full Assortment of Pocket Knives and  
Scissors, at the  
DRUG STORE.

POMATUMS, Hair Oils, Cologne and Extracts  
for the Handkerchief, at the  
DRUG STORE.

RAZORS, Razor Strops and Shaving Brushes, at the  
DRUG STORE.

HAIR Brushes, Pocket, Round, Fine and Dress-  
ing Combs, at the  
DRUG STORE.

KEROSENE Lamps, Shades, Wicks, Burners and  
Chimneys, at the  
DRUG STORE.

CAP, Letter, Bill, Note and Legal Paper—Note  
and Letter Envelopes, at the  
DRUG STORE.

POCKET Books and Port Monie Pocket Memo-  
randum Books, at the  
DRUG STORE.

A GREAT variety of Tooth and Nail Brushes, and  
Toilet Soap, Honey Soap and shaving, at the  
DRUG STORE.

TO PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS.

WE have just received a full and complete stock  
of Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold low  
for cash. Call and see the prices, at the  
DRUG STORE,  
Cain's Corner.

April 11th.

33-

Come at Last.—Money saved by  
buying late.

THE subscriber is receiving his stock of  
FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

Bought since the decline of Prices,

Which he offers to the public at his usual small pro-  
fits for Cash or Barter.

His stock is very general, more extensive than usual.  
Give him a call, and he will try to please you in  
quality and price.

October 19.

10-

PICTURE GALLERY.

I WOULD respectfully announce to my friends and  
the public, that I have opened a  
PICTURE GALLERY

in this place, and am prepared to execute all kinds of  
Pictures in the best manner and at the most reason-  
able prices. Photographs, Ambiotypes, Ferrotypes,  
and all kinds of Pictures, made with neatness and  
dispatch. Produce of all kinds will be taken in pay-  
ment.

August 14.

61-

JAMES R. GATTIS.

YOUR CREDIT IS GONE.

I HAVE sold some friends goods to be paid for in  
30 and 60 days, and unless you pay me at once,  
my credit is gone, and yours is not good enough to  
buy more.

Most of my goods are bought at 30 days time, and  
the old fogey time of 6 and 12 months will ruin you  
and myself, so please haste up to my relief.

Sept. 18.

66-

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

TO TANNERS.

I want light UPPER LEATHER.  
I will sell it for you, or I will give Goods for it,  
Tanner's Oil, &c.

August 29.

63-

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

WANTED.

G and Dry Hides, in Exchange for Good

Oct. 24.

66-

JAMES WEBB, Jun.

TEA.

GREEN TEA, a fresh supply, better than usual.  
J. WEBB, Jr.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send  
(free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescrip-  
tion with directions for making and using the simple  
remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection,  
and that dread disease Consumption. His only ob-  
ject is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every su-  
ferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them  
nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address  
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,  
No. 165 So. 2nd St., Williamsburg, N. York.  
May 7. 87-12m

INFORMATION.

INFORMATION guaranteed to produce a luxuri-  
ant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless  
face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Bots-  
es, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same com-  
plexion clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge  
by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

823 Broadway, New York.

September 18.

66-

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from De-  
bility, Premature decay, and all the evils to a  
youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering  
humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and  
directions for making the simple remedy by which he  
was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the adver-  
tiser's experience, can do so by addressing in packet  
confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,

No. 43 Cedar St., New York

May 8.

38-12

PAINT, Varnish, White-wash and  
Brushes, at the  
DRUG STORE.

FRUITS, NUTS AND CANDIES.

JUST received fresh  
ORANGE, LEMONS,  
NUTS, RAISINS,  
Figs in large and small boxes. A full assortment  
Candies, Pickles, Crackers, Sardines, &c. &c., at the  
DRUG STORE.

February, 27.

70-

STRAGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the Uni-  
ted States can hear something very much to their ad-  
vantage by return mail (free of charge), by address-  
ing the undersigned. Those having fears of being  
humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All  
others will please address their obedient servant,  
THOMAS F. CHAPMAN, New York

April 18.

33-13

NOTICE TO TANNERS AND PAIN-  
TERS.

JUST received, best quality of  
TANNER'S AND LINSEED OIL.  
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Sept. 9th.

66-

DURE RYE WHISKY,  
Apple Brandy,  
French Brandy,  
Port Wine,  
Madera Wine,  
Gin, for Medical purposes, at the  
DRUG STORE.

April 11th.

33-

CLOVER AND LUCERNE SEED. We  
have Clover and Lucerne Seed in a few  
at the  
DRUG STORE.

BLUE STONE, at the  
DRUG STORE.

CONGRESS WATER, at the  
DRUG STORE